Dated: November 24, 2004.

#### David B. Peterman,

Rear Admiral, U.S. Coast Guard, Commander, Seventh Coast Guard District.

[FR Doc. 04-26748 Filed 12-3-04; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910-15-P

# **LIBRARY OF CONGRESS**

## **Copyright Office**

37 CFR Part 201 [PA 2004-2]

#### Inspection and Copying of Records

**AGENCY:** Copyright Office, Library of

Congress.

ACTION: Final rule; technical

amendment.

**SUMMARY:** This document makes a nonsubstantive, technical amendment to a Copyright Office regulation.

**DATES:** This rule is effective January 5, 2005.

## FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Sandra L. Jones, Writer–Editor, or Marilyn J. Kretsinger, Associate General Counsel, Copyright GC/I&R, PO Box 70400, Southwest Station, Washington, DC 20024. Telephone: (202) 707–8380. Telefax: (202) 707–8366.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This rule makes a technical amendment to 37 CFR 201 to remove the hours of direct public use of computers intended to access the automated equivalent of portions of the in–process files in the Records Maintenance Unit of the Copyright Office. New hours of 9:00 a.m. to 4:30 p.m. are being implemented; but for administrative reasons, the Office decided not to include the time schedule as part of the regulation.

The reason for the change is current staff resources. A very small staff, working on a fixed schedule of 8:30 a.m. to 5:00 p.m., covers this public area. Reducing the hours of public access, gives the staff needed time at the beginning and end of the day to open up and close down the area for the public. The new hours will both provide the staff with the time necessary to complete these tasks without working beyond their normal duty schedule and afford the public a sufficient amount of time to use the files.

# List of Subjects in 37 CFR Part 201

Copyright.

#### **Final Rule**

■ For the reasons set forth in the preamble, 37 CFR part 201 is amended as follows:

# **PART 201-GENERAL PROVISIONS**

■ 1. The authority citation for Part 201 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 17 U.S.C. 702

■ 2. Section 201.2(b)(2) is amended by removing "8:30 a.m. to 5:00,".

Dated: December 1, 2004

## Marilyn J. Kretsinger,

Associate General Counsel.

[FR Doc. 04-26740 Filed 12-3-04; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 1410-30-S

# DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

# Federal Emergency Management Agency

#### 44 CFR Part 64

[Docket No. FEMA-7857]

## Suspension of Community Eligibility

AGENCY: Federal Emergency Management Agency, Emergency Preparedness and Response Directorate, Department of Homeland Security.

**ACTION:** Final rule.

**SUMMARY:** This rule identifies communities, where the sale of flood insurance has been authorized under the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP), that are suspended on the effective dates listed within this rule because of noncompliance with the floodplain management requirements of the program. If the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) receives documentation that the community has adopted the required floodplain management measures prior to the effective suspension date given in this rule, the suspension will be withdrawn by publication in the **Federal Register**. **EFFECTIVE DATES:** The effective date of each community's suspension is the third date ("Susp.") listed in the third column of the following tables.

**ADDRESSES:** If you wish to determine whether a particular community was suspended on the suspension date, contact the appropriate FEMA Regional Office or the NFIP servicing contractor.

## FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Michael M. Grimm, Mitigation Division, 500 C Street, SW., Room 412, Washington, DC 20472, (202) 646–2878.

Washington, DC 20472, (202) 646–2878. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The NFIP enables property owners to purchase flood insurance which is generally not otherwise available. In return, communities agree to adopt and administer local floodplain management aimed at protecting lives and new

construction from future flooding. Section 1315 of the National Flood Insurance Act of 1968, as amended, 42 U.S.C. 4022, prohibits flood insurance coverage as authorized under the National Flood Insurance Program, 42 U.S.C. 4001 et seq.; unless an appropriate public body adopts adequate floodplain management measures with effective enforcement measures. The communities listed in this document no longer meet that statutory requirement for compliance with program regulations, 44 CFR part 59 et seq. Accordingly, the communities will be suspended on the effective date in the third column. As of that date, flood insurance will no longer be available in the community. However, some of these communities may adopt and submit the required documentation of legally enforceable floodplain management measures after this rule is published but prior to the actual suspension date. These communities will not be suspended and will continue their eligibility for the sale of insurance. A notice withdrawing the suspension of the communities will be published in the Federal Register.

the Federal Register.

In addition, the Federal Emergency
Management Agency has identified the
special flood hazard areas in these
communities by publishing a Flood
Insurance Rate Map (FIRM). The date of
the FIRM if one has been published, is
indicated in the fourth column of the
table. No direct Federal financial
assistance (except assistance pursuant to
the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief
and Emergency Assistance Act not in
connection with a flood) may legally be
provided for construction or acquisition
of buildings in the identified special

flood hazard area of communities not

participating in the NFIP and identified

for more than a year, on the Federal Emergency Management Agency's initial flood insurance map of the community as having flood-prone areas (section 202(a) of the Flood Disaster Protection Act of 1973, 42 U.S.C. 4106(a), as amended). This prohibition against certain types of Federal assistance becomes effective for the communities listed on the date shown in the last column. The Administrator finds that notice and public comment under 5 U.S.C. 553(b) are impracticable and unnecessary because communities listed in this final rule have been adequately notified.

Each community receives a 6-month, 90-day, and 30-day notification addressed to the Chief Executive Officer that the community will be suspended unless the required floodplain management measures are met prior to the effective suspension date. Since